SAFETY DATA SHEETS

According to Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals (GHS) - Sixth revised edition

Version: 1.0 Creation Date: Nov. 7, 2018 Revision Date: Nov. 7, 2018

		Kevision Date. 1	
1.	Identification		
1.1 GHS Product identifier			
	Product name	CFS-460, Hexamethyldisiloxane	
1.2 Other means of identification		ification	
	Product number Other names	CFS-460 HMDO; HMDSO; H7310	
1.3	Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use		
	Identified uses Uses advised against	Only for Industrial Use no data available	
1.4	Supplier's details		
	Company Address Telephone Fax	Hubei Co-Formula Material Tech Co.,Ltd. C1420-1421, Longyang Avenue, Wuhan 430056, Hubei, China +86-27-84459282 +86-27-84459282	
1.5	Emergency phone number		
	Emergency phone number Service hours	+86-27-84459282 Monday to Friday, 9am-5pm (Standard time zone: UTC/GMT +8 hours).	
2.	Hazard identification		
2.1	Classification of the substance or mixture		
	Flammable liquids, Category 2 Hazardous to the aquatic environment, short-term (Acute) - Category Acute 1 Hazardous to the aquatic environment, long-term (Chronic) - Category Chronic 2		
2.2	GHS label elements, including precautionary statements		
	Pictogram(s)		

Signal wordDangerHazard statement(s)H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour
H400 Very toxic to aquatic life
H411 Toxic to aquatic life
H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effectsPrecautionary statement(s)P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other
ignition sources. No smoking.
P233 Keep container tightly closed.
P240 Ground and bond container and receiving equipment.
P241 Use explosion-proof [electrical/ventilating/lighting/...] equipment.
P242 Use non-sparking tools.

	P243 Take action to prevent static discharges.
	P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face
	protection.
Response	P273 Avoid release to the environment. P303+P361+P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all
	contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water [or shower].
	P370+P378 In case of fire: Use to extinguish.
	P391 Collect spillage.
Storage	P403+P235 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.
Disposal	P501 Dispose of contents/container to an appropriate treatment and
-	disposal facility in accordance with applicable laws and regulations, and product characteristics at time of disposal.

2.3 Other hazards which do not result in classification

no data available

3. Composition/information on ingredients

3.1 Substances

Chemical name	Common names and synonyms	CAS number	EC number	Concentration
Hexamethyldisiloxane	Hexamethyldisiloxane	107-46-0	203-492-7	> 99%

4. First-aid measures

4.1 Description of necessary first-aid measures

General advice

Medical attention is required. Consult a doctor. Show this safety data sheet (SDS) to the doctor in attendance.

If inhaled

Move the victim into fresh air. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. If not breathing, give artificial respiration and consult a doctor immediately. Do not use mouth to mouth resuscitation if the victim ingested or inhaled the chemical.

Following skin contact

Take off contaminated clothing immediately. Wash off with soap and plenty of water. Consult a doctor.

Following eye contact

Rinse with pure water for at least 15 minutes. Consult a doctor.

Following ingestion

Rinse mouth with water. Do not induce vomiting. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Call a doctor or Poison Control Center immediately.

4.2 Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

no data available

4.3 Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Basic Treatment: Establish a patent airway (oropharyngeal or nasopharyngeal airway, if needed). Suction if necessary. Encourage patient to take deep breaths. Watch for signs of respiratory insufficiency and assist ventilations if necessary. Administer oxygen by nonrebreather mask at 10 to 15 L/min. Monitor for pulmonary edema and treat if necessary Monitor for shock and treat if necessary Anticipate seizures and treat if necessary For eye contamination, flush eyes immediately with water. Irrigate each eye continuously with 0.9% saline (NS) during transport Do not use emetics. For ingestion, rinse mouth and administer 5 ml/kg up to 200 ml of water for dilution if the patient can swallow, has a strong gag reflex, and does not drool /Irritating materials/

5. Fire-fighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media

Use dry chemical, carbon dioxide or alcohol-resistant foam.

5.2 Specific hazards arising from the chemical

no data available

5.3 Special protective actions for fire-fighters

Wear self-contained breathing apparatus for firefighting if necessary.

6. Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Avoid dust formation. Avoid breathing mist, gas or vapours. Avoid contacting with skin and eye. Use personal protective equipment. Wear chemical impermeable gloves. Ensure adequate ventilation. Remove all sources of ignition. Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak.

6.2 Environmental precautions

Prevent further spillage or leakage if it is safe to do so. Do not let the chemical enter drains. Discharge into the environment must be avoided.

6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Collect and arrange disposal. Keep the chemical in suitable and closed containers for disposal. Remove all sources of ignition. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Adhered or collected material should be promptly disposed of, in accordance with appropriate laws and regulations.

7. Handling and storage

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Handling in a well ventilated place. Wear suitable protective clothing. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid formation of dust and aerosols. Use non-sparking tools. Prevent fire caused by electrostatic discharge steam.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store the container tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Store apart from foodstuff containers or incompatible materials.

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational Exposure limit values

no data available

8.2 Appropriate engineering controls

Ensure adequate ventilation. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Set up emergency exits and the risk-elimination area.

8.3 Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment (PPE)

Eye/face protection

Wear tightly fitting safety goggles with side-shields conforming to EN 166(EU) or NIOSH (US).

Skin protection

Wear fire/flame resistant and impervious clothing. Handle with gloves. Gloves must be inspected prior to use. Wash and dry hands. The selected protective gloves have to satisfy the specifications of EU Directive 89/686/EEC and the standard EN 374 derived from it.

Respiratory protection

If the exposure limits are exceeded, irritation or other symptoms are experienced, use a full-face respirator.

Thermal hazards

no data available

Physical and chemical properties 9.

Physical state	
Colour	Colorless
Odour	no data available
Melting point/ freezing point	: 204°C(lit.)
Boiling point or initial	101°C(lit.)
boiling point and boiling	
range	
Flammability	no data available
Lower and upper explosion	no data available
limit / flammability limit	
Flash point	0°C
Auto-ignition temperature	no data available
Decomposition temperature	no data available
рН	no data available
Kinematic viscosity	0.51 centistokes at 20 deg C
Solubility	In water, 0.93 mg/L at 25 deg C
Partition coefficient n-	$\log Kow = 4.2$
octanol/water	
Vapour pressure	42 mm Hg at 25 deg C (est)
Density and/or relative	0.764g/mLat 20°C(lit.)
density	
Relative vapour density	>1 (vs air)
Particle characteristics	no data available

10. Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity

no data available

10.2 **Chemical stability**

no data available

Possibility of hazardous reactions 10.3

no data available

10.4 **Conditions to avoid**

no data available

Incompatible materials 10.5

no data available

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

When heated to decomposition it emits acrid smoke, fumes.

11. **Toxicological information**

Acute toxicity

- Oral: LD50 Rat oral > 5000 mg/ kg
 Inhalation: no data available
- Dermal: no data available

Skin corrosion/irritation

no data available

Serious eye damage/irritation

no data available

Respiratory or skin sensitization

no data available

Germ cell mutagenicity

no data available

Carcinogenicity

no data available

Reproductive toxicity

no data available

STOT-single exposure

no data available

STOT-repeated exposure

no data available

Aspiration hazard

no data available

12. Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

- Toxicity to fish: LC50 Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout) ca 3.02 mg/L/96 hr, flow-through bioassay
- Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates: no data available
- Toxicity to algae: no data available
- Toxicity to microorganisms: no data available

12.2 Persistence and degradability

AEROBIC: No biodegradation data regarding hexamethyldisiloxane were found(SRC, 2006); however dimethyl siloxanes in general are highly resistant to biodegradation(1). As a member of this class biodegradation is not expected to be an important fate process.

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

An estimated BCF of 340 was calculated for hexamethyldisiloxane(SRC), using a log Kow of 4.2(1) and a regression-derived equation(2). According to a classification scheme(3), this BCF suggests the potential for bioconcentration in aquatic organisms is high(SRC), provided the compound is not metabolized by the organism(SRC).

12.4 Mobility in soil

The Koc of hexamethyldisiloxane is estimated as 4,600(SRC), using a log Kow of 4.2(1) and a regression-derived equation(2). According to a classification scheme(3), this estimated Koc value suggests that hexamethyldisiloxane is expected to have slight mobility in soil.

12.5 Other adverse effects

no data available

13. Disposal considerations

13.1 Disposal methods

Product

The material can be disposed of by removal to a licensed chemical destruction plant or by controlled incineration with flue gas scrubbing. Do not contaminate water, foodstuffs, feed or seed by storage or disposal. Do not discharge to sewer systems.

Contaminated packaging

Containers can be triply rinsed (or equivalent) and offered for recycling or reconditioning. Alternatively, the packaging can be punctured to make it unusable for other purposes and then be disposed of in a sanitary landfill. Controlled incineration with flue gas scrubbing is possible for combustible packaging materials.

14. Transport information

14.1 UN Number

	ADR/RID: UN1993	IMDG: UN1993	IATA: UN1993	
14.2	UN Proper Shipping Name			
	ADR/RID: FLAMMABLE LI IMDG: FLAMMABLE LIQU IATA: FLAMMABLE LIQU	VID, N.O.S.		
14.3	Transport hazard class(es)			
	ADR/RID: 3	IMDG: 3	IATA: 3	
14.4	Packing group, if applicable			
	ADR/RID: II	IMDG: II	IATA: II	
14.5	Environmental hazards			
	ADR/RID: Yes	IMDG: Yes	IATA: Yes	
14.6	Special precautions fo	r user		

no data available

14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code no data available

15. Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations specific for the product in question

Chemical name	Common names and synonyms	CAS number	EC number
Hexamethyldisiloxane	Hexamethyldisiloxane	107-46-0	203-492-7
European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS)			Not Listed.
EC Inventory			Not Listed.
United States Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory			Not Listed.
China Catalog of Hazardous chemicals 2015			Not Listed.
New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC)			Not Listed.
Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)			Not Listed.
Vietnam National Chemical Inventory			Not Listed.
Chinese Chemical In IECSC)	iventory of Existing Chemical Sub	stances (China	Not Listed.

16. Other information

Information on revision

Creation Date	Nov. 7, 2018
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Abbreviations and acronyms

- CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service
- ADR: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road
- RID: Regulation concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail
- IMDG: International Maritime Dangerous Goods
- IATA: International Air Transportation Association
- TWA: Time Weighted Average
- STEL: Short term exposure limit
- LC50: Lethal Concentration 50%
- LD50: Lethal Dose 50%
- EC50: Effective Concentration 50%

References

- IPCS The International Chemical Safety Cards (ICSC), website: http://www.ilo.org/dyn/icsc/showcard.home
- HSDB Hazardous Šubstances Data Bank, website: https://toxnet.nlm.nih.gov/newtoxnet/hsdb.htm
- IARC International Agency for Research on Cancer, website: http://www.iarc.fr/
- eChemPortal The Global Portal to Information on Chemical Substances by OECD, website: http://www.echemportal.org/echemportal/index?pageID=0&request_locale=en
- CAMEO Chemicals, website: http://cameochemicals.noaa.gov/search/simple
- ChemIDplus, website: http://chem.sis.nlm.nih.gov/chemidplus/chemidlite.jsp
- ERG Emergency Response Guidebook by U.S. Department of Transportation, website: http://www.phmsa.dot.gov/hazmat/library/erg
- Germany GESTIS-database on hazard substance, website: http://www.dguv.de/ifa/gestis/gestisstoffdatenbank/index-2.jsp
- ECHA European Chemicals Agency, website: https://echa.europa.eu/

Disclaimer: The above information is believed to be correct but does not purport to be all inclusive and shall be used only as a guide. The information in this document is based on the present state of our knowledge and is applicable to the product with regard to appropriate safety precautions. It does not represent any guarantee of the properties of the product. We as supplier shall not be held liable for any damage resulting from handling or from contact with the above product.